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## Column One
By
David Courtney

GOVERNMENT is a ticklish business at the best of times; and these are the worst of times. It is surprising that parties out of office should go on trying so hard to get into office. The British Labour Party Conference opened yesterday at Morecambe and will be addressed today by Mr. Attlee and will spend most of its time trying to formulate a winning policy to put to the country at the next general election. The Party is at sixes and sevens within itself but at the same time is confident of its capacity to govern again and to get the necessary majority to do so. On the question of the necessary majority the evidence supports the Party's confidence. As for a capacity to govern, that question must await its answer until the two wings of the Party have stated their views and found some way of fusing them.

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MORECAMBE will have the Margate findings as a guide. These affect the urgent problems of rearmament, wages, nationalization and health service charges. On rearmament, the final trade union vote has been taken to represent approval of the Attlee-Morrison-Gaitskill attitude against the Bevan attitude. But the nature of the voting on the several rearmament motions put up at Margate brought ambiguity into the final result and made it impossible for either wing of the Party to accept the resolution as a clear expression of trade union opinion. It will probably be found that Margate has influenced Mr. Attlee to move a trifle farther towards the Bevan line, especially as the Conservative Government, is contemplating another radical change in the rearmament programme.

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BOTH sides of Labour have agreed from the start that rearmament must be fitted to means; and even the Margate resolutions which had the executive's backing emphasised the dependence on "means". The original dispute between the Bevan-Wilson group and the Attlee-Morrison group was over the question of means and had nothing to do with principle and less with ideology. Since then, the paucity of means has been brutally revealed to everyone—Mr. Butler and Mr. Gaitskill as well as Mr. Wilson; and the annual report of the national income, published a few weeks ago, has put the fact down in stark and alarming statistics. Against a capital investment of £1,379m. last year, the total national savings were [illegible]. The difference was made up by liquidating overseas assets — the gold and dollar reserves — and by industry's use of its tax reserves. Where, then, are the new factories, machinery, schools, hospitals, housing, ships, aircraft and the rest to come from, without which, in the ensuing years, the export programme, fundamental welfare, and the rearmament programme as well, must inevitably decline?

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IF the figures mean anything they mean not only that rearmament is too big a burden but also that national expenditure will have to be cut back in practically every item. The Labour Party Conference, if it has the courage, should make it clear that Labour is ready, if put back to power, to make life far harder than it has been since the war, not to make it easier than it has been since the Tories came to power. It is not enough to cut down on rearmament for the sake of maintaining the present standard of living: the standard of living itself must be harshly curtailed, and the savings put into measures of long-term economic expansion. It is not altogether surprising to find that Harold Wilson, the economist of the Bevan wing, has come round to this view. In his latest pamphlet, "In Place of Dollars," he calls rather for a programme of national survival than for one of immediately expanding welfare.

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THE Morecambe Conference is taking place on the eve of important and perhaps decisive world events, which may affect policy among all parties. The U.S. Presidential election; the Moscow congress; even the British atomic tests off the coast of Western Australia — these must affect rearmament considerations, economic policies and welfare plans, in Britain and everywhere else. They are the undetermined factor which should impose caution on both Mr. Attlee and Mr. Bevan; and unity on both.

*Tel Aviv, September 30.*

## U.N. Offers Three Proposals On Korean P.o.W.'s

SEOUL, Monday (Reuter). — Three new proposals on how to break the prisoner of war deadlock in the Korean truce talks were submitted by the U.N. at Panmunjom today, ensuring free choice to all prisoners. The North Korean attitude to these proposals is due within ten days.

1. All prisoners should be brought to an agreed point in a demilitarised neutral zone for identification and checking after which any prisoner wishing to return to the side which held him should be allowed to do so and be provided with transport.

2. All prisoners desiring repatriation should be expeditiously repatriated, but those objecting should be delivered in small groups to the demilitarised zone, freed of military controls and interviewed by representatives of a mutually agreed country or countries not engaged in the Korea war, and then allowed to go to the side of their choice.

3. Prisoners expressing a desire to remain on the side holding them should be taken to the demilitarised zone, freed from all military control and allowed to make their way to the side of their choice without questioning.

All these proposed actions could be subject to observation by Red Cross or joint military teams, General Harrison, Chief U.N. negotiator, said. "We have not offered you the widest selection of choices the U.N. command can offer you," he added.

The Communists retired from the talks for an hour-and-a-half and when they returned General Nam Il said he could find nothing new in the proposals. "The proposition of retaining prisoners of war is definitely not to be covered by any tricks of playing with forms and ways." He agreed to adjourn the talks until October 8 to consider the proposals.

### KOREAN 'GHOST ARMY'

NEW YORK, Monday (AP).—Koreans from Japan, a "ghost army" of possibly 8,000, wearing U.S. uniforms are fighting alongside American soldiers in Korea, a Columbia Broadcasting System correspondent reported from Tokyo here today.

The "ghost army" has been denounced by Chinese radio stations as a "Tokyo volunteer group," the report stated.

### MESSAGES FROM POW'S

MOSCOW, Monday (Reuter).—Captain Vyvyan Holt, former British Minister to South Korea, interned since the outbreak of the Korean war has sent a message to British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden saying that he is in good health, the British Embassy here said today. The Embassy said they had received the message for transmission to Mr. Eden.

They had also received messages from Mr. G. Blake, former Vice-Consul in Korea, Mr. Norman Philip Owen, former member of the consular staff in South Korea and the British journalist, Mr. Philip Deane (Michael Gigantes) saying that they also were in good health.

### Yoshida Says Japan May Rearm

TOKYO, Monday (Reuter). — Premier Yoshida said yesterday that Japan might rearm "if national power is restored and the people's patriotic spirit is cultivated in the coming four years."

The Prime Minister said "until the time is ripe for rearmament Japan must increase her national strength."

The statement, reportedly made on an election tour in northern Japan, is regarded by the Kyodo News Agency as an "admission for the first time of possible rearmament."

Loudspeaker vans toured Japanese cities from dawn today as politicians made last efforts to catch votes before Wednesday's general elections.

The election, fourth since the war, is the first since Japan regained her independence, and political prophets are reluctant to predict the outcome. They generally expect Premier Yoshida to be returned to power, but with a reduced majority.

## German Socialists Oppose Schuman Plan, Peace Pact

DORTMUND, Sunday (UP).—The Socialist Party in its annual convention agreed today to campaign in 1953 on a platform of continued opposition to the Schuman Plan, the West German peace treaty and the European Army pact.

The platform said that Socialists oppose "any attempts to integrate any part of Germany with other nations in an advance reunification." It added that none of the agreements signed by either West or East German regimes could be considered binding on a future all-German government.

## JAVITS : SEIZE KRUPP FORTUNE

WASHINGTON, Monday (UP). — Mr. Jacob Javits, Republican Congressman from New York City, today recommended that Germany's munitions-making Krupp family be fined its entire $100m. fortune for "misdeeds against humanity." Mr. Javits represents an upper middle class district — Washington Heights — heavily settled by refugees from Germany.

In a letter to the Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, he also protested the decision by Mr. John McCloy, U.S. High Commissioner in Germany, to restore the Krupp family's confiscated property as "an act of clemency."

## *Yafi Fails Again; Jordan Gov't Out*

JERUSALEM POST STAFF

The Lebanese cabinet crisis entered its second week yesterday when the fourth premier-designate, Abdullah el Yafi, informed President Camille Chamoun that he could not even set up a temporary cabinet. This was el Yafi's second attempt since General Fuad Shehab established his army regime at the beginning of last week.

On Saturday night, Sa'ad el Mullah admitted his failure to reach a working agreement with the various parliamentary factions.

Late last night, President Chamoun, at his summer home at Beth e-Din, was reported still considering steps to end the crisis. It was understood that the main obstacle which all premier-designates faced was the excessive demands of the Socialist National party led by Kamal Junbalat, a Druze. He insists on receiving the bulk of the cabinet portfolios despite the smallness of his parliamentary faction. Other political parties refuse to enter a cabinet in which the majority Dustor Party participates.

If no other solution is found, the President could dissolve the House of Representatives. Such a step has been avoided until now because the Opposition insists that an amendment to the electoral laws be passed to prevent the return of the same "corrupted" majority of the previous regime. To appease the Opposition, President Chamoun is believed to be making renewed efforts to avoid dissolving Parliament before the electoral law has been amended.

President Chamoun yesterday received at his palace an official Syrian delegation led by Col. Adib Shishakly. The delegation, which included the Syrian Foreign Minister, Dr. Safer Rifa'i, congratulated the President on his election. At a luncheon honouring the group, Col. Shishakly promised closer relations between the two states in the future.

Responding to pressure for a clean-up of the Jordan Government following the *coups* in the neighbouring states, Premier Abu'l Huda resigned on Sunday and was asked by the Regency Council to form a new Cabinet which is expected to be more broadly based.

Abu'l Huda's year-old cabinet had been the object of severe criticism during the last few weeks, particularly from Palestine Arab M.P.'s and the press, which ever since General Nagib's coup in Cairo, had insisted on a total clean-up of government administration.

Abu'l Huda

Feeling the turning tide of public opinion, Abu'l Huda invited Parliament members for consultations in Amman a fortnight ago; the press expressed its doubt whether the consultations would really bear fruit.

### Main Points of Criticism

The main points of criticism were on the following issues:

1) The demand to suspend the use of Mandatory emergency and defence regulations, freely used in the detention of thousands of inhabitants, mainly Palestine Arabs;

2) The demand for greater freedom of speech and press;

3) Immediate steps against corruption, and a large-scale clean-up of administration; and

4) Steps to fight large-scale unemployment and overcome the chronic economic and financial crises.

## Bevan Hits Arming At Labour Parley

MORECAMBE, Monday.—Over 1,200 delegates, representing almost 5m. trade unionists and over 1m. constituency members are attending the week-long annual conference of the Labour Party which opened today.

Anxiety to keep the conference on a peaceful footing was expressed in the opening speech of the present Executive Chairman, Mr. Harry Earnshaw. But it was noted that there was little more than perfunctory applause from the floor when he declared:

"Some say there is a deep split in the Labour movement — if there is it is something, which I as your Chairman, have not seen."

Aneurin Bevan received considerable applause for a speech on unemployment, warning the meeting that the switching over of British industry to armaments production would allow other nations to take her peace-time markets.

He added that the U.S. is "hag-ridden by two fears: the fear of unemployment and the fear of peace."

Several "Bevanite" resolutions will be debated at the foreign policy session:

1) To urge resistance to the use of military force in liberating East Europe.
2) To condemn the bombing of the Yalu River power plants.
3) To urge the admission of Communist China to the U.N.
4) To call on the British Labour movement to join the European Socialists "in preventing the rearmament of Germany."
5) To call for a "Socialist" foreign policy, free of "American, Russian or any other pressure."
6) To urge a peace alliance of nations independent of both America and Russia under the leadership of Socialist Britain.
7) To instruct the party leadership to draw up a new five-year plan to nationalize more British industry. (Reuter, UP)

## 1,000 FINED FOR RESISTING APARTHEID

GRAHAMSTOWN, Monday, (Reuter). — Over 1,000 non-Europeans who defied the curfew in the campaign against Apartheid were today fined with the alternative of jail sentences here and at Peddie, 65 kilometres away.

Crowds outside Peddie magistrates court prayed, sang and listened to speeches, while 87 Africans, including 21 women, were tried.

Wearing rosettes with the colours of the African Congress resisters were each fined £2 with the alternative of one month in jail. Thirteen youths were sentenced to six strokes of the cane.

## Big 3 to Meet On Austria

LONDON, Monday (Reuter).—The American, French, and British Deputies for the Austrian treaty will soon discuss what steps to take following this weekend's Soviet note which insisted that the Western powers withdraw their proposed shortened treaty.

A Foreign Office spokesman said that it was clear that the USSR did not intend its representative to attend the meeting proposed for today by the Western powers earlier this month. One inescapable conclusion from the Soviet note was that the Russians were not prepared to accept any treaty with Austria, he said.

"We on our part shall continue to look for means of reaching a state treaty for Austria." He added, "The Russians have once again brushed aside our proposals."

### Soviet to Take Part

The Soviet Union will take part in a Four Power Conference on Austria only if the Western short draft of an Austrian treaty is withdrawn, Tass stated in a message reaching London today.

Tass was quoting from a note which the Soviet Union handed in to the Embassies of Britain, the U.S. and France on Saturday in reply to a Western Big Three note delivered on September 6.

After having their proposal of a "shortened" treaty rejected, on August 14, because it was too short, the Western powers had agreed to incorporate four more points demanded by the Soviet Government.

The new Soviet note complained that the Western draft was still not in accordance with the Potsdam Agreement.

"The question of the Austrian Peace Treaty cannot be settled independently of the obligations undertaken by the four powers in the Peace Treaty with Italy, particularly the parts referring to the Free Territory of Trieste."

### Kennan to Return To Moscow Post

WASHINGTON, Monday (UP). — A State Department spokesman, said today that Mr. George Kennan, U.S. Ambassador to Russia, will return to his new post on schedule.

The question was raised because Mr. Kennan had been attacked bitterly by the Soviet press for saying that his isolation in Moscow was almost as complete as during the Nazi internment in World War II. The spokesman said that the Department has not received any communication on the subject from the Soviet government.

### 'U.S. PLANNING WAR IN ARCTIC'

MOSCOW, Monday (AP). — The U.S. is planning to use Greenland bases to "wage war in the Arctic," Lieutenant Colonel Skylov charged today in reply to a letter sent to the Army newspaper, "Red Star".

He said the Greenland project is an out-and-out preparation for a new war and added that Russia vigorously objected to the way Denmark agreed to the bases.

## Israel Hands USSR Note on Payments From E. Germany

MOSCOW, Monday (UP). — Israel Minister Samuel Eliashiv is understood to have recently handed a note to Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister G.M. Pushkin on the possibility of obtaining reparations from East Germany, diplomatic circles reported here today.

At a press conference a fortnight ago after the signing of the reparations agreement with Western Germany, Foreign Minister Moshe Sharett revealed that the Soviet Government had replied to Israel's submission that Eastern Germany should pay $500m. as its share of reparations.

The Soviet reply had not met Israel's claim, Mr. Sharett said, and another communication had been sent to Moscow.

The Foreign Ministry announced last week that diplomatic steps would be taken if a statement by the East German Minister of Agriculture that his government had no objection to negotiate on the payment of reparations, proved authoritative. East Germany had not been approached directly, but notes had been sent to the occupying powers, the spokesman pointed out.

## Hapoel Hamizrahi See B.G. on Cabinet

Jerusalem POST Reporter

Prime Minister Ben Gurion held a three-hour meeting on Sunday in his Jerusalem office with four leaders of the Hapoel Hamizrahi — Messrs. M. Shapiro, Z. Warhaftig, Y. Raphael, and M. Hazani. It was officially reported that the conference was held in a "friendly atmosphere."

Political developments in the Cabinet were discussed, including the possible return of the Agudat Yisrael and Poalei Agudat Yisrael. It was stated that no conclusions were reached.

It is believed that the Hapoel Hamizrahi representatives made certain proposals to the Prime Minister and that they are now waiting for him to schedule the next meeting at which his reply is to be given.

Although official Agudat Yisrael and Poalei Agudat Yisrael sources denied that there was any contact with Hapoel Hamizrahi and that there was no chance of their return to the present Cabinet, it is reported that certain leaders in the two ultra-orthodox parties are encouraging the Hapoel Hamizrahi in its efforts to lay the groundwork for their return.

### Ariav Statement Disavowed

In Tel Aviv General Zionist party headquarters issued a statement on Sunday disavowing remarks made in the U.S. by Mr. Haim Ariav, a party leader, and pointing out that Mr. Ariav was visiting the U.S. for the American Fund for Israel Institutions. Any remarks made by him on political matters were purely personal, and did not reflect official party policy, the statement said.

Mr. Ariav had been quoted as saying that the General Zionists would enter a Government coalition.

### Ridgway Pessimistic About Europe

PARIS, Monday (Reuter). — General Matthew Ridgway, Allied Supreme Commander in Europe, said here today that the Western defence forces were "inadequate in every way" to meet the threat of immediate all-out aggression.

Addressing U.S. correspondents who had been following the naval exercise "Mainbrace," the General said "No nation today face to face with potential aggressors would maintain a standing force sufficient to ensure its safety."

## Council Adopts 'Marshall' Plan for Satellites

STRASBOURG, Monday (Reuter). — Plans for Marshall-type aid for East Europe to "loosen the Soviet grip" were today unanimously adopted by the Council of Europe's Consultative Assembly of 15 nations.

British Conservative Tufton Beamish proposed the four-point plan to "hasten the day when all countries of Europe shall be able to feel free to become members" of the Council.

His four points were:

1) A blueprint for economic aid for East Europe when "freed." "I believe the most powerful factor that could help to loosen the Soviet grip would be the knowledge that there is a programme for recovery when the time is ripe."
2) More East-West trade.
3) Better propaganda and publicity, and
4) More attention to refugees.

# U.K. Cabinet to Take Up Cairo's Bid for 60 Jets

## 'Little Chance of Quick Delivery'

LONDON, Monday (AP). — The British Cabinet is expected to discuss shortly an Egyptian request for early delivery of about 60 airplanes, part of an order that has remained unfilled since 1950. Informed sources reported today there seems to be little chance that Britain will be able to meet the Egyptian request in full in the near future, even if the Cabinet approves the policy of sending war goods to Egypt.

This is because England is still trying to catch up on aircraft orders placed by Allied and Commonwealth nations, they say.

Nagib had made his request in the course of his recent talks with Ambassador Stevenson in Cairo. It reflected a continuing improvement in Anglo-Egyptian relations. The British embargo on the supply of high priority war goods to the Cairo government had been imposed at the height of the Anglo-Egyptian crisis over the British garrison in the Suez Canal Zone.

The 60 fighters were part of an overall order for about 100 jet-propelled airplanes, as well as a number of Centurion tanks.

One sure factor the British will take into account before sending scarce war goods to Egypt is whether Nagib's regime is likely to remain in control. The British, in other words, would not mind helping a friendly and stable Egyptian government, but they would not want those planes to be used against their own troops by any new extremist regime.

The "Daily Telegraph" said here today that no arms or other aid should be offered to the new Egyptian Government "so long as there is the remotest danger that they might be used to renew the struggle against Israel."

"The people of Britain have much sympathy with what General Nagib has so far done or attempted to do, but there can be no question of giving active support to any Middle Eastern government which is not committed to keeping the peace and seeing that peace is kept," it said.

## Wafd Statutes Not Accepted

CAIRO, Monday. — Minister of Interior Suleiman Hafez affirmed today that he would not pass the Wafd list so long as the name of Mustapha Nahas appears at its head.

All Egyptian political parties have to purge themselves and submit full details of their reformed organizations to the Ministry of the Interior for approval by October 8.

Minister of State Fathi Ridwan launched a slashing attack on Nahas on Saturday, accusing him of "collaboration and subservience to Britain" and of living amid luxury acquired during his fight against 'imperialism.'

The Wafd in its turn continues to reiterate its anti-imperialist attitude and claims that its destruction is being planned by General Nagib's Government at the behest of Britain.

### Five-Year Plan

The Cabinet yesterday decided on a five-year plan for raising the nation's economic level, after a seven-hour meeting with General Nagib in the chair.

Farid Anteun Minister of Supply, announced yesterday that a committee headed by a permanent president, is to be set up to guarantee the country sufficient quantities of corn, meat, manure, fuel and sugar for local consumption during the next five years.

General Nagib claimed that the Sudan is part of the Kingdom of Egypt, "as approved by the last Parliament," in an interview with the Columbia Broadcasting System Correspondent, it was reported in New York last night.

The Egyptian Army "should be expanded. in proportion to the necessities of defence" he said. Asked if he expected a renewal of the Palestine War, he replied that Egypt's relations "are friendly with all the world."

Cairo's Military Commander on Saturday night declared a "state of alert" in the capital after the Wafd statement was published.

Troops placed on guard duty at Radio House and other key buildings were ordered to carry steel helmets and fixed bayonets.

## Nagib: Arms Needed Against Israel Attack

By George Lichtheim,
POST Correspondent

LONDON, Monday. — Premier Nagib told a "Sunday Times" correspondent that Egypt needs arms from the West in case of an Israel attack. He dismissed the possibility of Egypt starting a preventive war. The interview, prominently spread over three front-page columns, took place last week and seems to have been released for publication as part of Cairo's current effort to obtain some support from the West.

Nagib explicitly urged an "act of faith" such as the dispatch of one token shipload of arms. He also warned that if supplies are not obtainable from Britain, he would turn to America. Questioned about the presence of German military experts in Egypt, he stated that their number was small and they probably would leave Egypt soon.

### Puzzling Point

Apart from mentioning the danger of an Israel attack, he gave no reason for wanting arms — a point which must puzzle his admirers. These now definitely include the entire Arabophile old guard which initially was somewhat shocked by his proceedings, but has now rallied to him.

One remaining difficulty is the Sudan, where, according to Abdel Rahman el Mahdi who was also giving interviews since his arrival here, the Egyptian upheaval has not changed the Umma Party's attitude though some of the smaller groups seem to have joined the pro-Egyptian opposition. Abdel Rahman is expected to see Foreign Minister Eden this week. The official view here is that the Sudanese elections will proceed as planned and Cairo won't interfere; if it does there will be no arms deliveries.

## Eban Back for Consultations

LYDDA AIRPORT, Monday (ITIM). — Mr. A. Eban, Israel Ambassador to Washington and Permanent Delegate to the U.N., arrived here by El Al yesterday for consultations. Before leaving for Haifa to spend Yom Kippur with relatives, Mr. Eban said that the problems to be discussed fell into three groups: 1) Economic, financial and political relations with the U.S.; 2) The forthcoming U.N. Assembly and Israel's attitude towards the problems to be raised there; and, 3) Relations between Israel and American Jewry.

On his way from New York Mr. Eban stopped in London for two days and had taken the opportunity of discussing some questions with Mr. Eliahu Elath, Israel Minister to London. "These talks helped solve some of the problems," he said.

Mr. Eban

### Talks with Acheson

Asked about his conversations with the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, shortly before he left Washington, Mr. Eban said, "We discussed defence problems and American military aid to Israel. I also expressed our concern at arms supplies to the Arab States and the possibility of restricting the power of the Arabs in times of non-peace such as these."

The question of mutual aid was also raised, as was a general review of Israel-Arab relations and the possibility of improving them.

Mr. Eban said that he asked the U.S. Government for military aid a few weeks ago, but was still awaiting a reply.

Questioned about reaction in the U.S. to the political situation in Israel, the Ambassador said that American Jewry would like to see "the return of stability, and parliamentary life back on its regular path." Government circles there also hoped to see stability returned speedily in Israel, as stability did not exist in the Middle East in general.

Mr. Eban revealed that in his talks with Mr. Acheson, the Secretary of State had asked him to explain the viewpoint of the Agudat Yisrael. This, he said, he did.

### Bond Drive, UJA Relations

On relations between the Bond Drive and the U.J.A., Mr. Eban said that both sides had agreed that a Co-ordinating Committee must be set up and that all but two questions have already been settled including all important points of difference. He was certain that the Coordinating Committee would be established shortly.

Mr. Eban was received at the airport by Mr. S. Bendor, Director of the U.S. Division of the Foreign Ministry, and by Mr. A. [illegible], private secretary to the Foreign Minister.

Aluf-Mishne Haim Herzog, Military Attache at the Israel Embassy in Washington, who flew to Britain with Mr. Eban, is due to arrive later this week after spending a few days in London.

### Vyshinsky to Lead Soviets at U.N.

MOSCOW, Monday (Reuter). — Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky will go to New York to head the Soviet delegation to the U.N. General Assembly, it was learned here today.

Mr. Andrei Gromyko, Soviet Ambassador to Britain, has booked passage on a British airliner due to arrive in Berlin from London tomorrow night. Officials of the British European Airways in Berlin said that they assumed the Ambassador would go on to Moscow after a short stay in East Berlin.

## U.K. Reply to Persian Note Expected This Week

LONDON, Monday (Reuter).—Britain intends to reply to the latest Persian proposals for a settlement of the oil dispute within the 10-day limit imposed by Premier Mossadegh, it was learned from a usually well informed source today. The time limit expires next Saturday.

Britain is exchanging views with the U.S. about the form of the reply. It is expected here that Prime Minister Churchill and President Truman will make a joint answer to the note.

Officials here strongly criticised press reports which suggested that Britain would welcome the intervention of a private intermediary to settle oil production and marketing problems with Persia.

The real stumbling block in the proposals made last week is seen as the demand for [illegible] in convertible currency. Some surprise has been expressed here that Mossadegh at no point referred to the American offer of [illegible].

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## Social & Personal

Mr. Michael Comay, Deputy Director General of the Foreign Ministry, left last night by El Al for a short visit to South Africa.

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Mr. A. Reiss, Acting Chairman of the Israel Executive of the World Jewish Congress and member of the Zionist General Council, returned by K.L.M. on Sunday from a visit to Cyprus and Yugoslavia.

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Mr. Benjamin Lewis, of the lumber industry, Portland (Maine), U.S.A., arrived in Israel on a business trip.

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Heinz Englander & Co., Ladies' Dresses, 41 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv, will celebrate their 10th anniversary tomorrow. (Advt.)

## ILO Documents Issued Here in Hebrew

Four conventions of the International Labour Organisation, to which Israel has yet to become a signatory, have been issued here in the English and French texts with a Hebrew translation.

The four documents concern the right of workers to organise without previous authorization; the organization of national employment service systems; standardization of fees of professional employment agencies; and the barring of women from night work in industry.

## Archives of Viennese Jews in Jerusalem

The greater part of the archives of the Jewish Community in Vienna have been transferred to the Jewish Historical Society in Jerusalem. The transfer was arranged by Dr. A. Bein who visited Germany and Austria a year ago on behalf of the Society. Material on the Viennese community from its foundation until World War II is contained in the archives.

## Cooperative Village Makes Progress

The cooperative village of Herut Bet, near Kfar Vitkin in the Emek Hefer, celebrated its fourth anniversary recently. According to the Keren Hayesod report, the village, composed of settlers from the U.S., has registered "excellent progress."

Settlers in Herut Bet receive a wage based upon the number of work days put in the communal farm, an average IL.30 monthly. In addition every family receives from local sources all the fruits, vegetables and fish it requires plus a three-dunam plot for private cultivation. The village maintains two industrial plants and housing has been built for the required technicians.

## VINAVER TO REPEAT CONCERT IN TEL AVIV

Mr. Chemjo Vinaver, American guest conductor, will present a repeat performance in Tel Aviv tomorrow evening at the Ohel Shem Hall, of the concert he gave with the Kol Zion ensemble at the Y.M.C.A. in Jerusalem last week.

Mr. Vinaver's programme will be selected from his repertory of classical and Jewish choral music.

REVIEW OF OPINION IN SUNDAY'S PRESS

## Civil Servants' Elections Show Party Key Not Decisive, Says 'Ha'aretz'

Commenting on the elections to the Government Employees Association in the three big cities, "Ha'aretz" (Independent) says that although Mapai received between 50-60 per cent of the votes the trumpets of victory should not be sounded: The fact that the General Zionist list received almost 18 per cent in Jaffa-Tel Aviv shows that there is disappointment with the present leadership in the ranks of the government employees. Mapam too got a relatively high percentage of voices, but then it should not be forgotten that two ministries were for some time in the hands of Mapam and were staffed with their members.

The paper says that although Mapai leaders have of course done their best to strengthen their position in the government service, it would be an exaggeration to state that only those who belong to the ruling parties succeed in entering government services: proved by the General Zionist votes. The paper criticizes the system of distributing posts according to the party key, and says that everybody who entered the government service on account of his partybook will now maintain that he is a vitally important "professional".

### 'Supporters of Freedom'

"Haboker" (General Zionist) also comments on the outcome of these elections and says that there are thousands of government employees who are not connected, and do not agree with, the programme of the ruling parties. "All those who support freedom and democracy in Israel will be encouraged by the results of these elections in which they will see further encouragement for the ideas of independence from class interests."

"Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) opposes the advice given by Mr. Oscar Gass according to which our import of food will be cut by 34 per cent. He based himself on an exaggerated estimate of our own production and relies too much on the decline of food prices on the world markets in order to reach that conclusion.

### 'Reasons' for Reparations

Dr. Sneh writing in the same paper on the re-emergence of the German imperialism gives the following four reasons for the reparations pact: 1. The Americans do not wish to "help" us any more and they have transferred that function to the Western Germans. 2. Dr. Adenauer wishes to conquer the Israel market by paying reparations. 3. He will not succeed in conquering other foreign markets unless he first acquire Israel's okay. 4. Israel should be militarily strengthened with German help.

"Davar" (Histadrut) publishes the full text of the speech by Brigadier Yigal Alon on the occasion of the Givat Brenner memorial meeting for Yizhak Sadeh. "Ha'aretz" reports that the pro-Maki wing of Mapam tried to make this meeting an exclusive party affair, but the Kibbutz Meuhad leaders, and among them Brigadier Alon, stressed the national importance of Yizhak Sadeh and his work, and their point of view prevailed in the arrangement of the meeting.

Editorially "Davar" comments on the preparations for the celebrations (in 1954) of "Three hundred years of American Jewry." These celebrations should not have an apologetic character, says the paper, since experience in the struggle against anti-Semitism has shown that this was little effective. Nothing final has yet been decided, and the president of the American preparatory committee has yet to meet Jewish representatives from other countries. "Davar" stresses the importance of that project and expresses hope that both American Zionists and Israel will actively participate in its realization.

## Zemach, Be'er Tuvia Plan Cattle Shows

NAHARIYA, Monday. — Two cattle exhibitions will be held at the end of Succot at Zemach and Be'er Tuvia, to display local achievement in cattle-breeding during the last year.

Sixteen Jordan Valley settlements will enter their cattle. The exhibition will serve to compare breeding results with foreign bulls, and those from a Jordan Valley prize bull.

The Be'er Tuvia exhibition will mark the growth of the settlement's herd to a thousand head.

## W.H.O. Adopts $2m. Budget For Europe

LISBON, Monday (Reuter). — The European Regional Committee of the World Health Organization, meeting here, has adopted a health programme for 1954 amounting to an estimated $2m. in 24 European countries.

The programme includes control of infectious diseases, measures to further social and occupational health and industrial hygiene and further efforts for the rehabilitation of handicapped children.

ALUMINIUM. — An aluminium factory with an annual capacity of 16,000 tons is nearing completion at [illegible], Dalmatia, in Yugoslavia.

## At the Cinema

"STALOWE Serca" (Hearts of Steel, Edison, J'lem) is a realistic Polish production, well photographed, about the Nazi occupation of Upper Silesia. The action takes place in 1944, shortly before the liberation. There is whispering propaganda, underground, sabotage. The types of the brave local population are authentic, but not the Nazis. It was thrilling to hear 5-6 times in variations the heart-stirring Polish-Silesian malediction "Pierona."

### Cowboy into Movie-Star

"GALLAWAY Went Thataway" (Eden, J'lem) is a funny farce about a cowboy who substitutes for a vanished matinee-idol and the ensuing complications, when, at the end, the real hero reappears. Howard Keel is brilliant as the lead. Fred MacMurray and Dorothy McGuire co-star.

*FRANGO*

## Where to go

★ JERUSALEM ★

8-7: Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: Romema. Bus 15. Feeding time: 2-3 p.m.
9-1; 3-6: Exhibitions: Early Islamic and Persian Pottery, from the collection of Mr. Harry Philipps; Modern Painting and Sculpture; Acquisitions of the Museum from the last years. Exhibition of the Month: Casket for circumcision-utensils, Wood-Carving, Folk art, Southern Germany, end of 17th Cent. Lent by Dr. G. Landauer, Jerusalem.
9-4: Archaeological Exhibition, Dept. of Antiquities. Also Temporary exhibition — Recent acquisitions: 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech.
10-5: Sanhedria Tombs.
11.30-12.30 Film Shows at Keren Hayesod Head Office.

★ TEL AVIV ★

8.30: "Arsenic and Old Lace," Chamber Theatre, Mograbi Hall.
10-1, 4-7: Exhibition of Paintings by M. Avnini, Katz Gallery, 97 Rehov Dizengoff.

★ HAIFA ★

11-1; 4-8: Memorial Exhibition by Aharon Avni. Municipal Museum.

## JERUSALEM CINEMAS

At 7 & 9 p.m.

ARNON: Duchess of Idaho.
EDEN: Callaway Went Thataway.
EDISON: Stalowe Serca.
ORION: Colt. 45.
STUDIO: Arch of Triumph.
ZION: Captain Fabian.

Tel Aviv—Jaffa Citizen!
HAVE YOU BOUGHT
Hamilveh Ha'ironi Bonds
yet for the construction of schools and kindergartens?

BAR 51 בר
REOPENING SOON

## ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 487 M.; HAIFA: 269 M.; TEL AVIV: 43.9, 33.3 & 522 M.

FIRST PROGRAMME

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 7.30, 12.00, 1.30, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 5.00 a.m., 2.15 & 6.30 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies (R). 8.30 Close Down.

10.00 a.m. Music While You Work (R). 11.00 Violin Programme. 11.20 Wind Instruments (R). 11.40 Housewives' Corner. 12.02 Programme for Hospitals (R). 12.30 At the Opera (R). 1.45 Break for Music (R). 3.00 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Variety. 4.45 Music (R). 5.20 Agricultural Corner. 5.30 Language Corner. 5.45 Children's Hour. 7.00 Variety. 7.04 Programme Announcements. 7.10 "Voice, Instrument and Orchestra" (R). 7.35 Sports. 7.45 Noah's Ark. 8.24 Bible Reading. 8.45 Newsreel. 9.00 "Kol Yisrael" Orchestra. Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger. Soloist: David Gruenschlag. Beethoven Programme: Overture "Egmont"; Violin Concerto; Symphony No. 1. 10.30 Requests (R). 11.05 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

(on 460, 228, 217, 41.9 M.)

English News: 1.45 p.m., 10.15 p.m. French: 2.00 p.m.

4.00 p.m. Chamber Music (R). 5.00 Programme for Yemenites. 5.20 Second Temple Period Literature. 5.30 Music (R). 6.00 The Working Woman. 6.15 Close Down.

Immigrants' Hour (33.3, 43.9 & 460 M.): French 6.30 p.m.; Ladino 7.00 p.m.; Yiddish 7.30 p.m.

Kol Zion Lagola (33.3 M.): 10.15 Newsreel. 11.30 "The Jerusalem Forum" Chairman: Ted Lurie. 11.45 Jewish Choirs.

ARMY PROGRAMME: (44.5, 216, 225 & 229 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Songs. 7.00 Musical Dictionary. 7.30 Today's Events. 7.35 Interlude. 7.45 Noah's Ark. 8.30 News. 8.45 Military Quiz. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

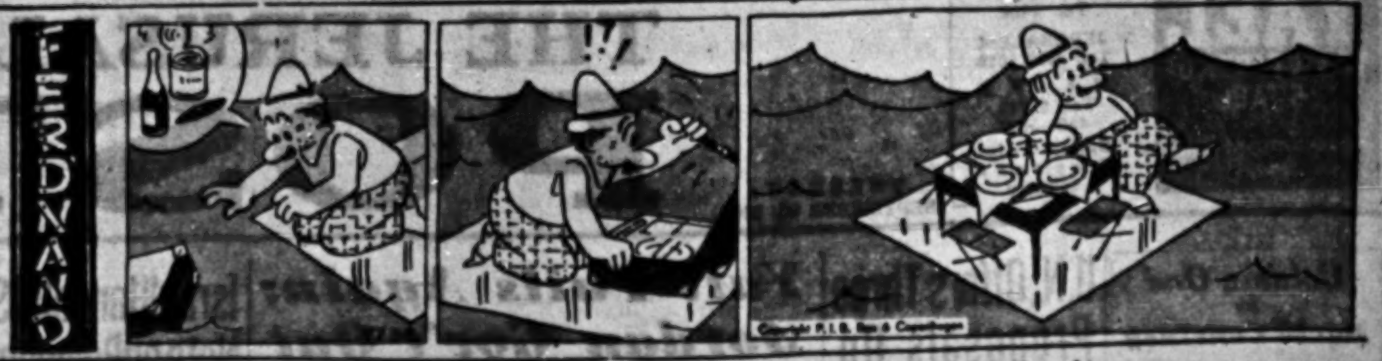
VOICE OF AMERICA: Hebrew Programme 9-9.30 p.m. (13, 16, 19 & 25 M.): "Not in the Headlines."

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (24.92 & 31.01 M.): 7.30 p.m. News. 7.40 News Talk. 7.45 Post of the Month.

Second recital in Haifa
LOUIS LEVINE
(Bass)
DANIEL SCHNEIDERMANN
(Piano)
Saturday, Oct. 4, 9 p.m. [illegible] Hall. Tickets daily from 5-7 p.m. [illegible]

THE HEBREW NATIONAL
OPERA
TEL AVIV Habimah
Tonight, Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 8
"TALES of HOFFMANN"
* * *
HAIFA Armon
Thursday, Oct. 2, 9 p.m.
Fledermaus
(THE BAT)
Operetta in 3 acts by Johann Strauss
Participants:
EDIS DE PHILIPPE
[illegible]
Conductor: E. PRIELL
Tickets: [illegible] Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv and at the Habimah Box Office. Haifa: [illegible] Office.

Y.M.C.A.
JERUSALEM
announces
TWO LIVE
Music Programmes
Tomorrow, October 1, 8.30 p.m.
Violin and Piano Recital
by Abraham Melamed, violin;
Raphael Marcus, violin;
Sarah Bodankin-Rabinowitz, piano.
Programme includes works by Vivaldi, Max Reger, Honegger, Hindemith & Franck
★ ★ ★
Wed., Oct. 15, 8 p.m.
Vocal and Piano Recital
by Zoe Vatikiotes, soprano;
Istvan Vero, Piano;
Yohanan Zarai, accompanist
Programme includes works by Pergolesi, Mozart, Schubert, Chopin, Debussy, Ravel and others.
Entrance free
The Public is invited



## Payments Company Will Give New Trend to Financial Policy

POST Economic Correspondent

ALTHOUGH detailed plans for carrying out the German reparations agreement are still being completed, it seems fairly certain that the Treasury will be responsible for the work of the company which is to purchase the goods. This is a decision which must have the most far-reaching consequences. It will not only have an influence on the administration of the Government but must also give a new trend to our financial policy.

It has been commented on again and again that Israel has, in fact, two budgets, one in Israel pounds and one in foreign currency and that the Knesset is able only to deal with that of internal revenue. Information on income and expenditure in foreign currency has been withheld from Parliament, although the influence of the foreign currency budget on economic developments is far greater in Israel than in any other country. If now the income from German reparations is added to the "empire" of the Treasury, the influence of the administration on financial policy will be much greater than before and it will be difficult for the public intelligently to judge developments.

### Development Scheme

In connection with the Throne report which was designed for basic development, electric power, irrigation and communications, a special development authority was envisaged which would be in contact with the Cabinet and the Knesset but would be distinct from the regular workings of the Treasury. This scheme was evolved not only to make sure of the use of money and goods from Germany for the special purposes of basic development but also for administrative reasons. It must be doubtful if the affiliation to the Treasury of the commission which is to be responsible for purchases in Germany will be beneficial. The Treasury must become even more top-heavy than it is at present. It is, moreover, almost inevitable that the Treasurer, hard pressed as he is for foreign currency, will be pressed by his departmental interests to divert as much money and goods as he can for current expenditure.

The issue of the reparations should give a new opportunity to demand a comprehensive budgetary policy which should bring into account not only internal revenue but dollar-income and the German reparations. It should be an opportunity too to review again the administrative set-up of the government departments which are responsible for economic matters. When Mr. Eshkol took over the Treasury he took with him the Development Department which had formerly belonged to the Ministry of Agriculture. It was then already doubtful if this was a sound development as the concern of the Minister of Finance should be with retrenchment in the present phase while that of the Minister of Development would naturally go in the direction of expansion. But the reorganization was made and the fact that the Knesset is at present in recess might well help to enlarge further the powers of the Treasury.

### Planning Needed

It must, however, be quite clear that a decision to that effect will blur the outlines between the powers of the Minister of Finance, of Development and of German reparations. Moreover, the very fact that we shall receive reparations from Germany makes a minimum of planning inevitable. Even should the Government accept tomorrow the entire programme of the General Zionists and try to reduce controls to their minimum, there would remain the need for a careful plan for the allocation of goods and money from Germany. For a sound economic development it will be necessary to separate this sort of planning from the current budgeting of the State; otherwise there will be no planning at all, especially as the pressure of vested interests from every side is going to increase once the reparation payments get into their stride.

It is not too late to reconsider the decision to join the Reparations authority to the Treasury. In any case the Knesset should have a say in the matter, and it would be better to wait with a final decision until Parliament reassembles. The daily work of the administration as well as economic developments will be deeply influenced by the organisational frame in which the purchasing commission will have to function.

(This is the second of two articles, the first appeared on Sept. 28).

### EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Alba, Zion Square, 3705. Mekor Baruch, 31 Tahkemoni, 2894.
TEL AVIV: Kalberg, 23 Allenby, 3966. Zucker, 27 Sheinkin, 5685. Elisha, 25 Florentin, 5487. Bracha, 243 Dizengoff, 42497. Hadassah, Hatikva Qr., 67684. Levi (Jaffa) 4 Rehov 2, 80104. RAMAT GAN: Lifshitz, 19 Herzl. GIVATAYIM: Mendele, Borochov Qr.
HAIFA: Nordau, 15 Nordau, 4890. Manor, Garden, 17 German Colony, 4733.
KIRYAT MOTZKIN: Moskin, 7202.

TODAY and TOMORROW
All women born between September 18, 1934 and April 3, 1935 and whose surnames start with the letters
ד״י
enlist for Regular Service, according to Order No. 5, September 18, 1952, which has also been published in the daily press.
Ministry of Defence,
Manpower Department,
Recruiting Office.
309

Registration of
PHYSICIANS (FEMALE)
TODAY and TOMORROW
All physicians (female) born between October 2, 1913 and September 22, 1930 and whose surnames start with the letters
א״ב
report for registration and medical examination, according to Order for Defence Service "Physicians" (female) — 1952, published in the daily press on September 28, 1952.
Ministry of Defence,
Manpower Department,
Recruiting Office.
315

TO LET
to tourist (female)
BEAUTIFUL
FURNISHED ROOM
Apply: 16 Rehov Alharizi, Room 3, Tel Aviv.

OLD TYRES
Quantity of old tyres for heavy and light vehicles for sale. Tel. 3062, or write
P.O.B. 46. Haifa.

Wanted Two I.P.O.
Subscription Tickets for
HAIFA CONCERTS
in exchange for
TEL AVIV tickets.
Apply: Ha/33, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

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America's One Great Jewish News Weekly
PRINTED IN ENGLISH
On sale at Your Newsstand

## Blackpool Smash to Premier League Lead

By A. KALMAN, Sports Editor

Blackpool, spearheaded by wizard soccer player, Stanley Matthews, smashed through to an 8-4 home win over London's Charlton Athletic in their English Football League Division I engagement on Saturday to head the League table.

Alan Brown netted four of the Blackpool goals, while Matthews netted his fourth goal of the season. The last time the incomparable Stanley netted four goals, and those in one season, was six years ago. Matthews, although in two Cup finals, has been on the losing side each time, thus being deprived of the only honour in soccer which he has not gained, a Cup winners medal. On their form so far this season, the seaside team are strongly fancied for a "double," with the elusive medal at last coming to England's greatest footballer of the decade.

West Bromwich Albion with a smashing 3-0 home defeat of Liverpool, took second spot in the League table, one point behind the seasiders. Liverpool were thus deposed from the top spot which they had held from the start of the season. Reigning champions, Manchester United, suffered their fourth defeat of the season when they went down at home by 1-0 to Sunderland. Both London games were resolved in the closing minutes. Chelsea, who attracted a 63,000 crowd to Stamford Bridge, were unlucky to lose 1-2 to Wolverhampton Wanderers after giving as good a display of football as their visitors. Tottenham Hotspur, before a 43,000 crowd, were lucky to snatch a last minute win at White Hart Lane over Burnley when Medley netted the crucial goal. Arsenal went down to a 2-0 away loss at Derby against the County. The days results left no unbeaten side in the Premier League.

### League Record Equalled

Top individual honours on the day's card went to Eglinton, of Everton, who equalled the League record by netting five of his side's seven goals in their 7-1 home victory over Doncaster Rovers. Huddersfield Town, with a 1-1 draw against Blackburn Rovers, retained their lead at the head of Division II, one point ahead of Sheffield United (who lost 0-4 to Hull City) with a game in hand, and Plymouth Argyle (promoted from Division III last season) in third spot. The Argyl drew one-all at home against London's West Ham United. In the Third Divisions, Bristol Rovers lead the Southern section with Norwich City second, and Oldham head the Northern section with Grimsby Town second.

### Hibs in Top Form

A record was also set up in Scottish League soccer with reigning champions Hibernian's smashing 7-3 win against Motherwell in an away fixture. According to the record books no side has ever notched seven goals against the losers on their own ground. Reilly netted four goals for the winners. Hibernian who have held the League championship for the past two seasons are fancied for a third win this year. Hibs went into a 4-0 lead by halftime but Motherwell fought back to a 4-3 deficit 10 minutes after the restart, but the champions were irresistible and netted three more goals. East Fife, who won 1-0 at Falkirk, lead the Division with seven points followed by Celtic, who drew two-all at Aberdeen with six. Hibs, and Rangers, who won 4-1 at home against Third Lanark, both have four points from three games. Stenhousemuir lead Division "B" with Hamilton Academicals in second spot.

In the Rugby League Australian Tour game the Aussies were off form and went down in their first defeat of the tour to the strong side from St. Helens, by 26 points to eight. The club side's Langfield was mainly responsible for the Tourist's defeat scoring 17 of his side's points himself. He netted seven goals and one try.

RESULTS: ENGLISH LEAGUE: Div. I. Blackpool 8, Charlton Ath. 4; Cardiff C. 2, Stoke C. 0; Chelsea 1, Wolves 2; Derby C. 2, Arsenal 0; Man. U. 0, Sunderland 1; Middlesbro' 1, Bolton W. 2; Newcastle U. 2, Man. C. 0; Portsmouth 1, Aston V. 1; Shef. W. 1, Preston N.E. 1; Tottenham 2, Burnley 1; West Bromwich 3, Liverpool 0. Div. II: Birmingham C. 2, Southampton 0; Blackburn R. 1, Huddersfield T. 1; Bury 1, Brentford 0; Everton 7, Doncaster R. 1; Hull C. 4, Shef. U. 0; Leeds U. 0, Leicester 1; Lincoln C. 1, Barnsley 1; Luton T. 5, Notts. C. 1; Notts. F. 0, Swansea 0; Plymouth A. 1, West Ham U. 1; Rotherham 1, Fulham 0. SCOTTISH LEAGUE: Div. A.: Aberdeen 2, Celtic 2; Clyde 1, Dundee 1; Falkirk 0, E. Fife 1; Hearts 4, Airdrie 0; Motherwell 3, Hibernian 7; Queen o' Sth. 0, Partick 1; Raith R. 0, St. Mirren 1; Rangers 4, Th. Lanark 1. RUGBY LEAGUE: Australian Tour. St. Helens 26, Australians 8.

## ISRAEL SOCCER SEASON OPENS

After a number of postponements, Israel's soccer season started last Saturday and four games were played. Reigning champions, Tel Aviv Maccabi, got away in good style with a fine 6-2 away win over Petah Tikva Maccabi, despite an injury to their goalkeeper, Ben Drori, in the first half.

Studginski got off the mark with a hat-trick for the Tel Avivians, and Glazer netted twice. Israeli scored the sixth goal for the champions. Carmeli and Bahar (from a penalty) notched up Petah Tikva's two spots. Meanwhile the champions old rivals and neighbours, Tel Aviv Hapoel, at Jaffa, beat Ramat Gan Hapoel by the only goal of the game which came from Silberstein in the 28th minute.

Rishon le Zion Hapoel also started in good style by registering a creditable 2-0 home win over Haifa Maccabi. After a goalless first half, the home team's Rosenbaum and Rosenberg (from the penalty spot) scored in the second period. Another 1-0 win came off when Haifa Hapoel, at home, defeated Rehovot Maccabi by a goal netted by Aronovski in the first period.

There were also three games in the Southern section of League "B". At Rehovot, Sha'arayim Maccabi gained a good victory in beating Ramat Gan Maccabi by 4-2, after leading 2-0 halfway. Kfar Saba Hapoel travelled to Tel Aviv, to draw two-all with the Hakoah eleven, and Kiriat Haim Hapoel went to Hadera and beat the local Maccabi side by the odd goal in three, 2-1, after a one-all halftime score. A "friendly" match in the Capital, brought a 3-1 win for Jerusalem Maccabi over Jerusalem Betar, after a 1-1 score at the change-over.

(A.K.)

REGISTRATION OF
PHYSICIANS (MALE)
TODAY and TOMORROW
All physicians (male) born between October 2, 1913 and September 22, 1930 and whose surnames start with the letters
א״ב
report for registration and determination of their fitness for Defence Service, according to Order for Defence Service "Physicians" — 1952, published in the daily press on September 28, 1952.
Ministry of Defence,
Manpower Department
Recruiting Office.
312

ENGLISH SPEAKING
NURSE
WANTED
for 1½-year old baby girl. Sleeping in essential. Apply to Stein, 24 Rehov Dubnow, flat 53, Kiryat Meir, Tel Aviv, 8-10 a.m., 12 noon-1 p.m., 7-8 p.m.

PHARMACY
IN SMALL TOWN
near Haifa
Seeks Assistant
(male or female) knowing Arabic. Offers: P.O.B. 727, HAIFA.

Notices to the Public

### MINISTRY OF FINANCE ARNONA LEVY

**Notice regarding the filing of claims for compensation.**

By virtue of the power vested in me in accordance with para 4 (A) of the Arnona Levy Regulations for war damage compensation (Payments of Compensation), 1952, I hereby announce that I have fixed the following dates for the filing of claims for compensation as follows:—

1. In case of damage caused before the date of publication of this Notice in Reshumot (herein called "Date of Publication").

(I) All damages resulting from hostile acts which are not war operations, and were caused after April 1, 1952,

a) from October 1, 1952 until November 30, 1952, if the claimant is an Israel resident;

b) from October 1, 1952 until January 31, 1953, if claimant is not an Israel resident;

(II) All damages which may be claimed by the Custodian of Enemy Property, the Custodian of Absentees' Property and the Custodian of German Property — from October 1, 1952, until November 30, 1952.

(III) All damages which were not included in the categories mentioned in paras (I) and (II) —

a) within a month after the date of publication of this Notice, if the claimant is an Israel resident;

b) until March 1, 1953, if claimant is not an Israel resident.

2. In case of damage caused after the date of publication of this Notice—

(I) within 30 days after the damage was caused, if the claimant is an Israel resident;

(II) within 90 days after the damage was caused, if the claimant is not an Israel resident.

The Notice with regard to the date of filing claims for compensation published in "Yalkut Pirsumim" No. 242 of July 31, 1952, p. 946, is hereby revoked.

*Dr. M. LANDAU*
Arnona Levy Director

Medical Association of Israel—Haifa Branch
WANTED
SECRETARY-TYPIST for part-time job
Mother-tongue English
Apply: Bet Harofe, 111 Wingate Ave., Haifa.

EXPERIENCED RADIO TECHNICIANS WANTED
for electronic laboratory near Haifa.
Please apply in writing, stating age, and include abbreviated curriculum vitae, to "RADIO TECHNICIANS," "Doar Zvai" 682.

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CABLES: KIMLAND

HAPOEL HAMIZRAHI HAKIBBUTZ HADATI
Kvutzat Yavneh
Simhat Beth Hashoeva Festival
on October 5, 1952, at 8.30 p.m.
Programme:— "Paamei Regalim" by Itzhak Asher.
Director: Zvi Friedlaender. Music: Karel Salomon
Decorations: Genia Berger Dances: Arye Kalev
Performed by Kvutzot: Beeroth Itzhak, Yavne, Kfar Hadarom & the Woodwinds Section of "Kol Yisrael."
"Massehet Hakhel" performed by Bnai Akiva (J'lem)
The Festival will be the opening of a series of celebrations in memory of the "Hakhel" Feast.
For particulars, and recommendations for a licence to transport passengers on lorries, please apply: Kibbutz Hadati office, 10 Rehov Gruzenberg, Tel. 62782, Tel Aviv.

RASSCO
FLATS FOR NEW IMMIGRANTS
1) AT ACRE
Two-room Flats in Houses of 4 Dwelling Units each, for occupation in the near future. Cash Payment: IL. 1,800.
2) AT AFULLA
Two-room Flats in Houses of 4 Dwelling Units each, for immediate occupation. Cash Payment: IL. 1,450.
Details through RASSCO Offices
Haifa: 11 Balfour Street, (Sunday — Thursday 10—1; also 4—6 p.m. on Sunday and Wednesday).
Tel Aviv: 2 Rehov Har Sinai
Jerusalem: 5 Rehov Shmuel Hanagid (Bet Yahalom)

ARMON DAVID CINEMA
Rehov Dizengoff, corner Arlosoroff
TEL AVIV.
NOW AIRCONDITIONED by the latest WESTINGHOUSE EQUIPMENT

Tour with
YATOUR
HEAD OFFICE: 96 HAYARKON ST.
TEL AVIV: TEL 62349
JERUSALEM: TEL 3353
HAIFA: TEL 8446
NAZARETH: GALILEE HOTEL

## Today's Post Bag

### THE WEATHER

| | *A | B | C | D |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mt. Cana'an | 23 | 16 | 32 | 34 |
| Haifa | 74 | 15 | 28 | 29 |
| Natanya | 65 | 21 | 30 | 31 |
| Tel Aviv Port | 77 | 15 | 28 | 29 |
| Lydda | 54 | 20 | 33 | 34 |
| Jerusalem | 29 | 17 | 34 | 36 |
| Beersheba | 54 | 21 | 32 | 34 |
| Tiberias | — | — | — | 37 |
| Elath | — | — | — | 33 |

FORECAST: Temperatures will rise, especially in the hill regions.

*A) Humidity at 3 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maxim. yesterday. D) Maxim temp expected today.

• • •

A MAGISTRATE'S COURT will be set up in Beersheba this month, according to Mayor David Tuviahu. The Court will meet in a former Arab mosque which had hitherto served as the Municipal Library.

• • •

A 19-YEAR-OLD nurse at the Malben Hospital in Be'er Ya'acov, who swallowed 100 sleeping tablets last Saturday, died at the hospital yesterday morning.

• • •

THE SOCIAL WELFARE Department of the Tel Aviv Municipality announces that it will accept any contributions of clothing, shoes, bed and bedding for distribution to needy people. Those interested may bring their contribution to the Central Clothing Storeroom of the Social Welfare Department, Har Nevo Street 19, Tel Aviv, or call 62857.

• • •

CONVICTED OF THE SALE of four light bulbs at black market prices last November, D. Lesser, of Tel Aviv, was fined IL.100 by the Tel Aviv Anti-Profiteering Court on Friday. An employee of his was fined IL.25 for the same offence.

• • •

CLOTHING AND a radio set together valued at IL.1,000 were stolen from the flat of Elhanan Rosenberg of the Rassco Housing Project in Holon on Saturday night.

• • •

IN A BRAWL involving two families at Kafr Para, on Saturday afternoon, seven villagers suffered minor injuries. Eighty took part in the fight, and peace was restored after 10 were jailed.

## Income Tax Deductions Ordinance Gazetted

An amendment to the Income Tax Ordinance, 1947, outlining types of deductions, methods of payments, and a chart containing typical payments was gazetted on September 23 over the signature of Finance Minister Levi Eshkol and published on Sunday. The chart lists deductions at source for a single person, a couple, and a couple where the wife works.

Under the amendment, the Income Tax Assessor can authorize reductions for elderly persons, war invalids, a working wife, medical treatment and recuperation, philanthropic donations, and long term savings, as well as for students and those under 18-years-of age.

## Hush Settles Over Capital As City Observes Fast

Jerusalem POST Reporter

Not a car was abroad yesterday while the solemn hush of the Day of Atonement hung over Jerusalem. Deserted streets came to life only around synagogues where small groups took brief respite from the day-long prayer service.

The steep ascent to Mount Zion—flanked since the New Year by tablets with Biblical texts—was almost made impassable by the thousands who flocked to pray and catch a glimpse of the Old City. The *Kol Nidre* service on Sunday night was held by the Sephardi community in the crypt of King David's "tomb," and by the Ashkenazi congregation in the synagogue of the *Yeshiva* in a nearby building.

About a thousand worshippers began their fast on Mount Zion and during the day every room and alcove had its own *minyan*, with many hundreds unable to find room even in the pine wood outside.

At 6.50 p.m. each separate congregation on the Mount, representing a veritable Ingathering of the Exiles, came together for *Ne'ilah* and to hear the *shofar* blown from the roof of the synagogue, nearest point in Israel to the Western Wall, thus signalling the end of the Fast.

*About 100 young children visited Mt. Zion on Sunday before the Fast to be blessed by the heads of the Yeshiva there.*

*The custom started two years ago when a boy was seen leaving the memorial cellar there, crying bitterly. He told officials that he was always blessed by his father before he left for Synagogue on the eve of Yom Kippur. The father was killed by the Nazis and he now had no one to bless him. It was therefore decided to invite all boys and girls to Mt. Zion for the ceremony.*

*A number who came yesterday were not orphans, but came with their parents.*

### PLAYED WITH MATCHES, SET FIRE TO HAY

HAIFA, Monday. — Playing with matches, a four-year-old child visiting at Kfar Baruch, near Nahalal, set ablaze a hay stack on the farm of Yitzhak Weiner and endangered the settlement's entire hay harvest this morning.

Firemen from Affula, Haifa, and Ramat David were called to fight the fire, which was put out before it spread to the hay loft. The damage is estimated at IL.300.

### IMMIGRANTS FIGHT FIREMEN OVER FIRE

PETAH TIKVA, Monday. — A bonfire lit for fun by new immigrants near a wood and fuel store in Bnei Brak on Saturday night caused a fight between the merrymakers and Fire Brigade personnel who came to put it out. Mr. Avraham Mendel, a fireman, was beaten.

The brigade, aided by police, put out the fire, and arrested those who resisted the police.

### 'Ne'ila' Broadcast From Damascus

"Neila," the closing service of the Yom Kippur liturgy, was broadcast from the Damascus Great Synagogue for the first time yesterday. In its new Hebrew programmes, Damascus Radio relayed half an hour of the service between 5.30 and 6 o'clock. It was probably the first time that the Sephardic version of "Ne'ila" had been broadcast anywhere in the world.

Although Damascus Radio said the broadcast was evidence of religious freedom in Syria, Kol Yisrael last night said that the Damascus Jews had been forced to desecrate their synagogue to serve the propaganda purposes of the Syrian dictator.

In Cairo on Sunday evening, Premier Nagib visited the Grand Temple during the Kol Nidre prayer. He was received by Chief Rabbi Haim Nahum to whom he expressed his best wishes.

It was the first such visit by an Egyptian premier since the Palestine War.

## No Traffic in T.A. On Yom Kippur

Jerusalem POST Bureau

TEL AVIV, Monday. — Within a few hours yesterday afternoon this noisy, hot, pulsating city turned quiet as thousands walked to synagogues to attend the *Kol Nidre* service.

All traffic, with the exception of an occasional police vehicle, ambulance, doctor's vehicle or a taxi, was at a standstill both last night and today. During the day only a few persons were to be seen in the streets both here and in Jaffa, and the seashore was practically empty of bathers.

Synagogues were crowded to capacity with many worshippers praying outside.

Duties were kept to a bare minimum in the Army during Yom Kippur and as many soldiers as could be spared were granted leave. For those who remained in their units services were held. All kitchens and dining halls were closed during the Fast, and special meals were arranged before and after Yom Kippur.

Yerachmiel Meir, 20, of 82 Rehov Hayarkon here was accosted at 9 p.m. yesterday by a group of youths while he was walking along the Herbert Samuel Quay smoking a cigarette. He was beaten, and was sent home after receiving first aid.

Only one aircraft, a T.W.A. plane, put down at Lydda Airport during the Day of Atonement. The 18 passengers were handled by a special emergency staff on duty. A K.L.M. plane arrived this evening two hours after the end of the Fast with 11 passengers.

The arrival of the B.O.A.C. plane which usually comes in on Mondays was postponed until tomorrow to avoid arriving at Lydda during the Fast.

Kol Yisrael went off the air at 3 p.m. on Sunday and resumed broadcasts at 8.30 last night, carrying a news resume of the day at 9 p.m. Galei Zahal and Kol Zion Lagola also stayed off the air.

## Elath-Beersheba Road Survey Contract Signed

Jerusalem POST Reporter

An agreement for surveying and undertaking the preliminary work on a new road from Elath to Beersheba has been signed between the Ministry of Labour and a Chicago construction firm, Ministry sources disclosed in Jerusalem on Sunday.

Surveying will start next month and is scheduled to be completed in February when the Government will decide on granting contracts for building the road. The Ministry denied reports from the U.S. that it had already signed an agreement for actual construction with the same company.

Under the agreement, the company will get $120,000 and IL.80,000. It will provide engineers who will work jointly with Israel engineers. It is to use special modern equipment for whose purchase the Government will have an option.

## Scroll-Carrying Strikers Win Case with Agency

RAMLE, Monday. — A strike last week of about 200 workers of the Jewish Agency Central stores located near here was resolved yesterday by the Ramle Labour Council.

The workers, who were dismissed, took up positions near the gates of the store, barring the way to 200 other employees.

Yesterday morning the strikers came to the gates, carrying Scrolls of the Law, and after a few hours were informed they would not be dismissed as employment would be found for them elsewhere if necessary.

### Mumps Outbreak In Jaffa Prison

TEL AVIV, Monday. — The Jaffa prison has been isolated for 21 days beginning last Wednesday, due to a quarantine imposed by the Health authorities following an outbreak of mumps.

"Less than 10 cases have occurred among the inmates, according to the prison authorities.

During the 21-day period no prisoners will be permitted out to stand trial in Courts or to testify, but all those due for release will be discharged after a thorough medical examination. No new prisoners will be accepted.

## Marauders Kill Man, Wound Another

While on guard near the border early on Friday morning, Sasson ben Naphtali 27, was shot fatally by unknown persons, believed to have been infiltrators. Shimon Badini, 21, who was with him at the time, was slightly wounded.

Badini told police that he had barely seen three persons approach and had challenged them. No reply was received, but a sharp exchange of fire ensued. The body of Sasson, whose rifle was stolen, was taken to Ziv Hospital in Jerusalem. Badini was also removed to Ziv Hospital.

During Saturday night a band of marauders, estimated at seven men, committed an armed robbery in a village near Jerusalem. Some household goods were stolen and the band escaped over the border.

Another two settlements in the Jerusalem area exchanged fire with marauders on Sunday night.

In the South two goats and a kid were stolen during the night. The action is attributed by police to marauders.

In the Bedouin Gaada tribe in the Negev on Sunday shots were exchanged between shepherds in a quarrel over grazing rights. No one was hurt. The Sheikh of the tribe promised police to turn over those responsible.

A fire occurred on Sunday night in the weaving factory of Rosenberg Brothers in the Yad Eliahu quarter of Tel Aviv. Cloth and thread were burned. The Fire Brigade put the fire out after an hour.

The flat of Yitzhak Spector at 3 Rehov Brenner in Tel Aviv was broken into just before sirens yesterday and 100 pieces of silver cutlery, a bracelet and a watch valued at IL.1,000 were stolen.

Near the outlet of the Hayarkon River yesterday the sea discharged the body of Pesach Bodik, 37, of 41 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech who was reported missing since Friday. The body was taken to Municipal Hospital.

The body of a fully-dressed man, aged about 45, was washed up near the Reading Power Station on Sunday. No signs of violence were found on the body. His identity has not been determined.

Moshe Sharifi, a worker, was injured on Sunday morning near Hakirya in Jerusalem, when his pneumatic drill touched some explosives in a rock. He was taken to Sha'arei Zedek hospital. His condition is not critical.

## New UNRWA Plans For Arab Refugees

UNITED NATIONS, Monday (Reuter). — The U.N. Relief and Works Agency, in its annual report for the period ending June 30, has stated that only one-third of the refugees live in camps and the rest managed to find their own lodgings. It was hoped to be able to supply enough tents and housing for the coming winter. The refugees' daily ration consisted of 1,596 calories in the winter and 1,521 in summer.

The report also contained some details of the Agency's new programme designed to eliminate the need for camps and ration lists for Palestine Arab refugees. There was still "much misunderstanding" in explaining the new programme to the refugees, it stated. It would help refugees to find work and train them for occupations, make loans to aid them establish small enterprises, build homes and establish rural villages and agriculture.

The high cost of maintaining the refugees is further aggravated by the lack of cooperation on the part of the Arab Governments. The Agency "must obtain the cooperation of governments to eliminate restrictions." In The Lebanon, refugees cannot obtain work permits and by law cannot hold jobs. In Egypt, they can get relief only if they reside in the Gaza strip. In Syria, they have not been offered citizenship.

### Nationalists Riot In Algeria

BONE, Algeria, Monday (Reuter). — Two policemen were injured and four men detained yesterday, when demonstrators clashed with police here.

About 300 people had gathered outside the police station to demand the release of a man detained on Saturday night while posting nationalist posters.

One man, Dourra Beshir, appeared in court and was sent to prison for a year and a half for assaulting the police.

ORCHESTRA

Subscription Concert No. 1.

Conductor: Jascha Horenstein
Soloist: Rudolf Serkin (Piano)
*Passacaglia—Bach, Weiner; Piano Concerto in D-minor Brahms; Symphony No. 6 — Tschaikowsky.*

TEL AVIV, "Ohel Shem" Hall at 8.30 p.m.
Monday, Oct. 6 — Series 1
Tuesday, — Oct. 7 — Workers' Series
Wednesday, Oct. 8—Series 2
Sunday, Oct. 12 — Series 3
Monday, Oct. 13 — Series 4
Sunday, Oct. 19 — Series 5
Monday, Oct. 20 — Series 6
HAIFA, "Armon" Theatre at 9 p.m.
Wednesday, Oct. 15—Series 1
Thursday, Oct. 16 — Series 2
JERUSALEM, "Edison" Theatre at 9 p.m.
Thursday, October 9.

# U.S. ELECTIONS AT HOTTEST

## Ike Calls to Hearts Stevenson to Minds

NEW YORK, Monday (UP). — General Dwight Eisenhower appeals to the voters hearts and Mr. Adlai Stevenson to their minds, according to a correspondent travelling with the two candidates.

Their method of appealing for votes differs as day and night, but the relative effectiveness of the two nominees can be judged only when elections are held.

Both men delivered major addresses in Baltimore, Maryland and Richmond, Virginia within six days. These states are hotly contested and very much in doubt now.

General Eisenhower's appeal for support can be summarized in one paragraph from his speech on Friday night: "The crusade which brings me to Richmond tonight is the crusade to restore honest government to people of this country. It is a crusade to end corruption, to end waste and extravagance, and to reduce our hard pressed people from the squeeze of high prices and taxes. It is a crusade to strive without rest for a stable peace."

### 'Dinosaur' Forces

Mr. Stevenson's theme is much harder to put in a nutshell. But one paragraph of his Baltimore address summarises one of his main points — that the Republican party is divided fatally between the "liberal" wing and what Democrats call the "dinosaur" forces of Senator Robert Taft. He said: "America will not entrust its future and its hopes to masters of a house divided against itself, to men so divided in their own thoughts that they can not, or will not, tell us where their party stands on America's pressing problems."

The significance of crowds drawn by the two rival presidential candidates is one of the most discussed and controversial topics among political observers.

Gen. Eisenhower far outdrew Mr. Stevenson in these two states. The crowds listening to Gen. Eisenhower often press through the police lines and seem to want to touch him. Most of them come apparently to see him more than to hear him since there is a continuous chatter as he speaks. The proportion of young people and women is higher. He stirs his listeners in a deeply emotional way and they respond similarly. Mr. Stevenson's audiences are more restrained and seem more thoughtful. They applaud in the right places and seem to study the points he makes.

## U.S. ARMY CLEARED OF WASTING $25m.

WASHINGTON Monday (Reuter). — Allegations that $25m. had been wasted in building five American airfields in Morocco, were today declared to be without basis.

A House of Representatives Appropriations subcommittee said criticism by a Senate subcommittee had been "false" though it admitted finding "some sub-standard work and room for legitimate complaints."

In a report implying that civilian contractors and architects were not to blame for difficulties on the job, the House subcommittee said diplomatic difficulties with the French had increased the problems which were due mainly to the "incredible working conditions" in North Africa, a French refusal to permit enough workers to enter Morocco at first, Air Force indecision that changed plans seven times in ten months and fiscal difficulties which kept field officers operating on "month to month bankruptcy."

Army engineers had been done a substantial injustice by being made the "whipping boys," the report said.

## GOP Victory Would Mean Chaos and War — Adlai

LOUISVILLE, Kentucky, Monday (Reuter). — Governor Stevenson, Democratic Presidential Condidate, said here on Saturday night that there was a danger that if the Republican Pary won power it would follow a foreign policy of weakness leading to the "rubble and chaos of a third world war."

He attacked General Eisenhower for trying to make a "vote getting issue out of our ordeal in Korea".

Mr. Stevenson took up point by point Eisenhower's own foreign policy speech in Cincinnati last Monday.

On underestimating the Soviet threat, in November 1945, said Mr. Stevenson, General Eisenhower told the House of Representatives Military Affairs Committee that "nothing guides Russian polity so much as a desire for friendship with the U.S."

### 'I Warned'

- Mr. Stevenson said that he himself made an economic survey of Italy in 1945 and "I warned that the obvious Russian interest in the Balkans and in the Eastern Mediterranean posed an eventual threat to Italy".
- On rapid demobilisation after World War II, "although the General warned against too rapid demobilisation, he later said in September 1948 "frankly, I don't think demobilisation was too fast." It would have gone further and faster if the Republicans had been in power" Stevenson added.
- On the withdrawal from Korea, "while Eisenhower was Army Chief of Staff the Joint Chiefs of Staff advised that South Korea was of little strategic interest to the U.S., and recommended withdrawal of the U.S. forces."
- On "abandoning" China, "he did not talk this way then... but he still must know in his heart... that nothing except the sending of an American expeditionary force to China could have prevented ultimate Communist victory."
- On "writing off" the Far East. Mr. Stevenson defended Secretary of State Dean Acheson's 1950 definition of America's defence perimeter and said:

"The General fails to point out that this defence perimeter was a line developed by the military authorities themselves.

"Twice in 1949 General MacArthur, then our top commander in the Pacific, defined our defence perimeter in the terms later used by the Secretary of State. It was on the recommendation of our military authorities that Korea, Formosa, and mainland areas were not included in a direct military commitment.

"How does General Eisenhower honestly square this campaign-time charge of writing off Korea with his own statement in July, 1950, that when our Government guaranteed the Government of South Korea, there was no recourse but to do what President Truman said and did?"

He also accused the General of "straddling" on the question of bombing Manchuria, by calling it "dangerous" in a home-town speech in Abilene, Kansas, on June 5, and then, three months later, saying "I have always stood behind General MacArthur in bombing those bases on the Yalu from which fighter planes are coming."

## Democratic Mates Reveal Finances

WASHINGTON, Monday (UP). — Governor Adlai Stevenson, Democratic Presidential candidate, yesterday made public his Federal income tax returns, from 1942 to 1951 inclusive, while his running-mate, Senator John Sparkman, gave a preview to his personal finances with the promise of more details in the future.

Most of Governor Stevenson's income, apart from his salary as Governor, come from dividends on investments. The returns showed that had earned slightly more than $500,000, on which he payed taxes totalling $211,960.

In his preliminary report, Senator Sparkman listed from memory his approximate assets in Washington and at his home in Huntsville, Alabama. Included in his assets are about $30,000 in savings bonds, $10,000 in mutual investments funds, $50,000 in life insurance, a $350,00 home in home in Washington, and an $8,000 farm in Alabama.

### No Expense Fund

The Senator said that he had no "expense fund" of any kind, and had never received any gifts or favours.

Mr. Eisenhower announced today that he will make public his entire financial situation. He thus accepted an implied challenge from Mr. Stevenson who said on a nation wide broadcast that it would be "proper" if Mr. Eisenhower reveals his income tax returns.

Governor Stevenson, in making public his finances said that every candidate for high public office should make a full disclosure of his personal financial condition over a period of years as a matter of course.

## 'Pravda' Attack On Nationalism in USSR

MOSCOW, Monday (Reuter).—"Pravda" today demanded a "ruthless struggle against the least manifestation of bourgeois nationalism." In an article reporting evidence of such nationalism in Uzbekistan, Central Asia, the newspaper also called for an "exposure of the reactionary essence of pan-Islamism and pan-Turkism."

"Pravda" also reported from Tashkent that the Uzbekistan Communist Party Congress has criticised "nationalist survivals" in the works of certain Uzbek writers and scientists. "Bourgeois nationalism" was shown, the newspaper said, in "the idealisation of the feudal past of the Uzbek people, minimising the great role of the Russian people in the destiny of the Uzbeks, and in the efforts to weaken the inviolable friendship of the peoples of our country." The Congress disclosed a considerable turnover of party officials in the Tashkent area in the past three years, four first secretaries and three chairmen of the last Soviet having been replaced.

From Baku, "Pravda" reported that the Azerbaijan Communist Party Congress disclosed that eight district secretaries of the party had not been reelected, because of failures in personnel management, and certain officials of the republic's Central Committee and the Baku City Committee who "concealed their past from the party," were removed.

STUDENTS. — A complete boycott of registration for all faculties in all Austrian universities began yesterday in Vienna. The Students Association is protesting against the Education Ministry pronouncement, raising examination, laboratory and various other fees by from 300 to 400 per cent.

## Cables in Brief

DERAILED. — Three persons were killed and 35 others seriously injured when an express train was derailed 900 [illegible] southeast of Santiago, near Rancagua, early Sunday. The railway suspects sabotage.

SCARRED. — Five more "scarred missionaries" have come from China after being tortured for confessions of espionage against the Communist regime, Fides, the Catholic News Agency, reported in Vatican City yesterday. They were reportedly released on July 25.

DIVERTED. — A ship carrying wheat from Australia to the U.K. was diverted to Karachi where it is due today after Britain offered Pakistan 9,000 tons to ease a temporary food shortage.

STORMS. — Violent storms and gales swept the whole of France during Saturday causing considerable damage, but no fatal accidents.

BROADCAST. — The Cyprus Government's broadcasting station, financed by a £170,000 grant from Britain's Colonial Development and Welfare Fund, started transmission on Sunday night.

## Mother, Adopted Child Unite After 10 Years

FRANKFORT, Monday (Reuter), — Eleven-year-old Ivan Direcnik, who has been with German foster parents since he was six months old, is to return to his Yugoslav mother, the U.S. High Commission Court of Appeals decided here today.

The verdict reversed its previous decision and that of a lower court that the boy would be better off with his foster parents and that his interests would be better served in Democratic West Germany than in Communist Yugoslavia.

"We will not deny the mother's petition solely on the grounds that she is an inhabitant of a country whose political philosophy represents the anti-thesis of our own thinking," the court said.

The Germans took the six months old boy from his mother, Pavla Direcnik, in 1942 and sent him to an orphanage. His father was shot as a partisan and his mother sent to Auschwitz concentration camp. He was then adopted by a childless German couple, Gustav and Josefine Hirsch, now living near Kassel, in Hesse.

### SPEED BOAT RACER BLOWS UP

DRUMNADROCHIT, Scotland Monday (Reuter). — John Cobb, 52, world famous racing motorist, was blown up in his jet speed boat "Crusader" on Loch Ness today while attempting to break the world water-speed record. He died from his injuries shortly after he was removed from the water.

## Personal Notices

JOHN and SHULAMIT HARRIS
*ARE HAPPY TO ANNOUNCE THE BIRTH OF A*
DAUGHTER
on September 27, 1952 at the Assutah Hospital, Tel Aviv.

---

YAACOV STEINER
Tel Aviv
AVIVA LIPSKY
Jerusalem
*Married*
Jerusalem, Sept. 25, 1952.

---

We regret to announce the death, on September 28, after grave illness, of our beloved husband and father

**PAUL MARCUS**

MARGARET MARCUS (nee Meyer)
RUTH MARCUS.

The funeral will leave from the Rothschild Hospital at 11 a.m. today.

---

We deeply mourn the untimely death of our friend and Haifa Representative

**PAUL MARCUS**

SUESSKIND, DANZIGER & Co.,
Tel Aviv. Haifa.

---

THE UNVEILING OF THE TOMBSTONE IN MEMORY OF MY DEAR HUSBAND

**ELMER FEKETE**

will take place at 4 p.m. on Thursday, October 2, at Khayat Beach Cemetery. A special bus will leave from the Hevra Kadisha offices, Haifa, Rehov Gilad at 3.30.

MAGDA FEKETE

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Tuesday, September 30, 1952
Tishri 11, 5713 — Muharram 12, 1372

THE Days of Penitence preceding the Day of Atonement were a fitting occasion for last week's announcement of plans to improve the penitentiary system of Israel.

**LEGAL REFORMS**

Apart from a law of adoption which fills a long-felt gap, all the innovations announced are concerned with criminal law, and more especially with forms of retribution for offences.

The adjustment of fines to the changed value of money was long overdue and had been suggested in these columns on more than one occasion, particularly in connection with traffic offences. The two other reforms bring, to a certain extent at least, correctional procedure in line with modern penology which no longer admits the doctrine of a purely punitive justice. It is gratifying to notice that the admirable report submitted to the Government of Israel in December, 1949, by Mr. Edmond FitzGerald, Chief Probation Officer of Brooklyn, has obviously influenced the new draft legislation. At the same time it must be noted with regret that the three years that have passed since his visit have seen little improvement in the conditions of our penal institutions.

The substitution of suspended sentences for bonds of good behaviour in the case of prison terms up to five years, and the introduction of indeterminate sentences for crimes punishable by more than three years, with yearly revision by a Parole Board, are both steps in the right direction. The aim of the latter measure is, in short, to provide an incentive for the prisoner to reconsider his behaviour and thereby earn his release; in this direction experience in other countries has, on the whole, shown good results.

As the texts of the new bills have not yet been gazetted, it is not known whether they deal especially with corrective measures to be applied to juvenile offenders. While some progress has already been made in the field of probation, the position is much less satisfactory with regard to approved schools. This aspect of our present system is of the greatest importance in view of the conditions in which many children are growing up, more especially in the towns. It is an accepted principle today that in the case of a juvenile offender society is not less responsible for anti-social behaviour than the offender himself. The obvious conclusion must be that financial considerations must not stand in the way of a large-scale and consistent programme of modernization of corrective methods.

In the course of his Press conference last Wednesday, the Minister of Justice also referred to the present practice in dealing with contempt of court in Press reports. The view that proceedings should only be instituted in cases of actual insult of the judiciary will not go unchallenged. While the freedom of the Press is one of the fundamentals of every democratic régime, it is equally essential that newspapers should not interfere, even in a remote way, with the due process of law. The license enjoyed in some countries to substitute "trial by newspaper" for trial by judge and jury ought not to be granted here. Only after final judgment has been given, should the newspapers have the right and duty to comment and if necessary, to criticise. It is then, but then only, that Mr. Justice Frankfurter's dictum applies: "Judges as persons, or courts or institutions, are entitled to no greater immunity from criticism than other persons or institutions."

The legislative reform programme, initiated by the former Minister of Justice, Mr. P. Rosen, is naturally a long process. But a few other measures which can claim priority would seem to be legislation on legal aid in both criminal and civil cases and the abolition of preliminary investigation except in the case of major felonies, provided that the accused is given full access to the material on which the charge is based. Most important of all would seem to be the Judiciary Bill which the Government has presented for the new Knesset session.

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THE WEEK AT THE U.N.

# Memberships Vetoed By Security Council

THE Security Council last week concluded its lengthy debate on applications for membership to the U.N. without recommending the admission of a single new member. On September 19, the Council rejected the application of Viet Nam, Cambodia, Laos and the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam.

France presented the first three applications. They were supported by ten representatives but "vetoed" by the Soviet Union. The fourth was presented by the Soviet Union and received ten adverse votes, being supported only by the Soviet Union.

Soviet Representative Yakov A. Malik said he voted against the applications of Viet Nam, Cambodia and Laos because they were "puppet regimes which have been hastily set up in Indo China by foreign interventionists for aggressive purposes and in order to deprive the peoples of Indo China of freedom and independence."

In rejecting the admission of the People's Republic of Viet Nam, several Members of the Council agreed with the views of French Representative Henri Hoppenot who said his Government "not being aware of the existence of such a State considered that the question of its admission should not be raised."

In support of his case for the admission of Cambodia, Laos, and Viet Nam, Mr. Hoppenot said the evolution of these three countries from French Trusteeship towards independence "has been achieved in less than four years." He said the three States "with their ancient and glorious culture" would enrich the common work of free nations by their collaboration.

### French Answer

Answering a statement by Mr. Malik that the French Government had signed an agreement with the Democratic Republic in March 1946, Mr. Hoppenot said France had concluded two instruments with the Republic that year, one a preliminary Convention, the other a modus vivendi. He said it was not the fault of France if the Republic later violated the second instrument and "after progressively disintegrating, ceasing to be the qualified representative of the country and becoming the spokesman of a minority group, finally took refuge in the jungle."

"Governments may disappear, the State remains," he said. The French Representative added that France dealt with the State of Viet Nam and not with the Viet Minh party. He concluded by saying that his delegation felt the application should be set aside in view of its "absurdity."

Mr. Hoppenot's views were supported by the Representatives of the United States, United Kingdom and China.

After finishing the debate on applications before them, the Council Members decided to entrust to the Secretariat the task of drafting a brief and factual report to be circulated to the Members of the Council. It was pointed out that the Council had considered 19 of 21 applications before it, the remaining two being from the Republic of Korea and the Democratic Republic of Korea. Council President Joao Carlos Muniz of Brazil, said no resolution had been presented in connection with them and suggested that the report should simply state that the Council did not deal with them.

### India and Pakistan

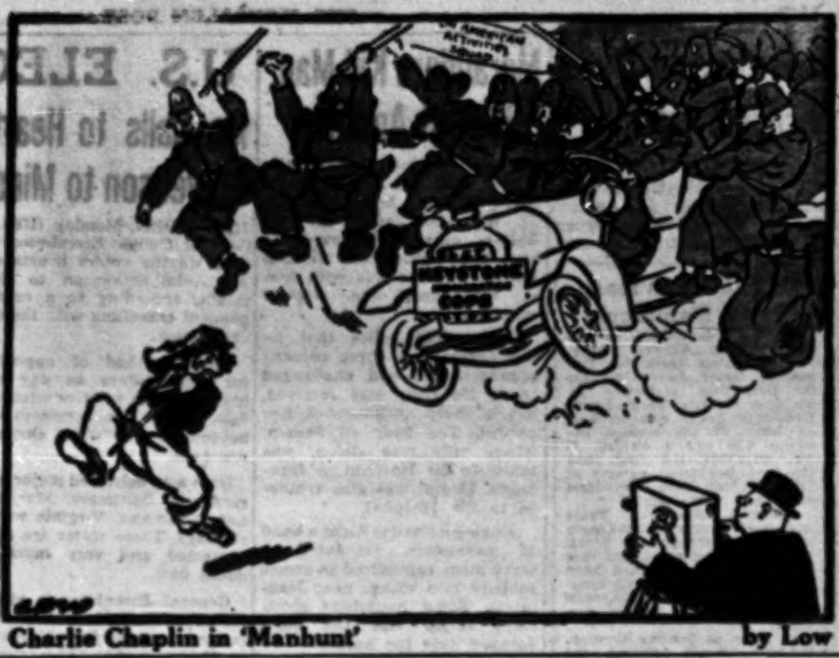
IN his fourth report to the Security Council this week, Dr. Frank P. Graham, UN Representative to India and Pakistan, recounted failure of the two countries to attain any further substantial agreement in four and half years dispute over Kashmir. The problem has narrowed down to the prerequisites for an agreement on a plan of demilitarization, namely, agreement on the number and character of forces to remain on each side of the cease-fire line at the end of the period of demilitarization.

Two alternatives were seen to exist: first, to establish the character and number of forces to be left on each side of the cease-fire line at the end of the period of demilitarization, or second, to declare that the forces to remain on each side of the cease-fire line should be determined in accordance with requirements of each area.

The report contained no recommendation to the Council. It said "after two weeks of discussion it was evident that agreement could not be reached at this conference on any of the revised drafts presented for consideration."

Dr. Graham said the chief reason for the opposed positions of the two parties lay in their differing conception of their status in Kashmir. "This more than anything else is the origin of their interpretations with regard to their commitments," he said. These conceptions are that India considers herself legally responsible for security in Kashmir because of the State's accession to India in 1947, while Pakistan maintains that the accession was illegal, and that Kashmir had previously entered into an agreement with Pakistan which debarred the State from entering into any kind of agreement with any other country. Thus Pakistan claims equal status with India.

As in his last report Dr. Graham emphasised the importance of the role of the plebiscite administrator. He said his induction was the heart of the integrated programme for demilitarization and the plebiscite. Under the final version of his revised proposals the two Parties would agree that this induction should take place not later than the last day of the demilitarization period. Both countries made qualified acceptance of this proposal.



Charlie Chaplin in 'Manhunt' by Low

# Israel at Parliamentary Union

By MOSHE ROSETTI
Secretary of the Knesset

TIMES have changed. We used to measure the success of Jewish participation in an International Conference by the degree of attention that was given to the Jewish problem. Today we prefer to appear as normal participants making our contribution as an ordinary State to the current problems of the world. From this point of view, the recent participation of a Knesset delegation in the 41st Conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union at Berne can be said to have fulfilled these conditions.

The Inter-Parliamentary Union, which was founded in 1888 by nine British M.P.'s and 25 French deputies, is credited with having fathered both the League of Nations and the International Labour Office. The Union's annual conferences were suspended from 1914 until 1919 and again from 1939 until 1949; and at the second post-World War II conference in Dublin in 1950, the Eastern Bloc walked out. Recently, the U.S. has begun to take an increased interest in the activities of the Union, as attested by the fact that the American delegation to this year's conference in Berne included Senators Paul Douglas of Illinois, Theodore Green, of Rhode Island, Estes Kefauver, of Tennessee, and Tom Connolly, of Texas.

### Arab Attacks

This year's Conference was the fourth in which Israel has taken part. At Stockholm four years ago our admission to the union aroused great interest. At Dublin the following year, the Arab delegations prepared for an attack upon us, and at Istanbul last year they succeeded, on the question of the refugees, in bringing Israel to the forefront of the discussions.

This year at Berne, the Arabs were probably anxious to renew the attack, but circumstances removed from the Conference two of the principal delegations, from whose countries parliamentary government has, for the time being, disappeared. True, there were delegates at the Conference from both Egypt and Syria; and the latter actually took part in the discussion, enunciating a new conception of democracy which characterised the dictatorship in Syria as a manifestation of growing pains which would not weaken the liberal and democratic regime to which Syria was so profoundly attached. Unfortunately the Syrian delegate contrived to speak at the end of a debate, so that no one could analyse this new political theory.

On a proposal for extending the international collaboration between parliaments, Mr. Izhar Harari (Israel) disposed of a thesis which was mainly supported by the Arab countries for the organisation of regional parliamentary collaboration on a racial basis. The Arabs in this respect secured a minor victory by the insertion in the resolution which was finally adopted of a reference to an Inter-Parliamentary Union of Arab States which was mentioned as one of the examples to be followed. The Arab delegate was not pressed to give particulars of the existence of this Union, which is certainly not known elsewhere.

### Israel's Contributions

Among the main contributions by Israel in the general debate were those by Mr. Shepher in his opening speech and Mr. Klebanoff who spoke on parliamentary control of budgets, the technical subject which was the main subject of discussion this year. The Inter-Parliamentary Union is not a decision-making body: its purpose is discussion and deliberation, free from the acrimony and pursuit of personal interests which characterise other deliberate assemblies.

There were many opportunities for meetings between the delegates of the 30 odd countries represented at the Conference. The Union in recent years has changed in composition and there are many colourful delegates from the newly liberated countries of the Far East. Many of their delegates know little or nothing of the problems of Israel and quiet discussion often dispels many of the highly tendencious pictures in their minds of Israel and its relations with its neighbours.

Other members of the Israel delegation who were active in these various committees included Rabbi Nurock, Mr. Yaakov Shapiro and Esther Raziel-Naor.

The writer may be permitted to devote a few words to a parallel Conference which took place in Berne, which in his opinion was no less important than the Inter-Parliamentary Union Conference. In another room in the Assembly Hall of the Council of States, the General Secretaries of the Parliaments of the world met to consider technical problems of parliamentary procedure.

Every year the secretaries discuss another two or three subjects, and on the basis of replies given to a central rapporteur, draw conclusions which may one day make an important contribution to the science of Government. Before long we are to produce a book on comparative parliamentary procedure, and its importance to a country like Israel need not be stressed.

### Amendment Problem

One of the subjects discussed this year was, for example, methods of accelerating parliamentary work, and if I give but one example of the questions asked it will be seen how familiar is the ground. The question was: "What can be done to reduce the number of amendments submitted on any particular law, and who should have the right to select the amendments to be discussed so that the discussion may be concentrated on the vital points and not repeated in subsequent amendments?". No-one will disagree on the need to solve such problems, and there is comfort in the thought that we are not alone in our difficulties in this sphere.

The Assistant Secretary of the Knesset, Mrs. Clara Arianne, and the writer participated fully in these discussions, and the latter has now had the honour of being elected to the International Executive of 5 which prepares the material for these conferences.

The value of attendance at the Inter-Parliamentary Union cannot be estimated in terms of the decisions reached or the speeches made. The personal contact with members, particularly of the new and lesser-known countries, cannot be overlooked. Many of those who attend the conference are on their way to gatherings like the Assembly of the United Nations, and many themselves are members of the Committees of their Parliaments, who exercise no unconsiderable influence on the delegations which are sent.

JERUSALEM ART NOTES

# Persian and Islamic Pottery

THE exhibition "Early Persian and Islamic Pottery," which opened on Sept 27 at Jerusalem's Bezalel Museum, is the first of its kind ever held in the country. However, this Harry Philipps collection, supplemented with a few pieces belonging to Bezalel, is truly representative and includes treasures that would be the pride any great Museum. The study of Islamic pottery is a most specialized research. Moslems never buried objects of art with their dead. Excavators mostly find only fragments. Thus, your critic might be excused if he strives only to give an idea of the beauty of these ancient vessels, without attempting to describe them scientifically.

The first group of the exhibition are Middle-Bronze vessels, to be dated in the second half of the second millenium B.C., found north-west of Teheran and exceedingly rare. Like No. 2, with the stork-billed spout, and the goblet No.8, with high conical neck, they seem to imitate metal work, or like the globular pot No.7, even the leather cups of the nomads. These ten objects have been acquired by the Bezalel Museum and form an enviable enrichment of its collections.

I admired an early Islamic oil-lamp, clearly an imitation of the multi-spouted Byzantine lamp, yet, a true tour de force in its intricate carved and perforated, indented and geometrical decor. The strong and simple beauty of the Mazanderan Bowl No.20, and the Raghas Dish No.23, is recommended to our potters for intense study. One of the most magnificent pieces of the exhibition, reconstructed in masterly fashion from many sherds by Mr. Philipps, is the cock-shaped Aquamanile of the 10th century. Its monochromous sea-green glaze is reminiscent of Chinese Seladon and proof of how T'ang ware inspired Islamic potters. There is a deep Fatimite Dish, painted with a golden brown lustre and decorated with a flying bird that is one of the loveliest things I have ever seen. The Mazanderan Albarello of the 12th century and the Rhages Jug No.43, illustrate the dependency of Italy's medieval pottery on oriental prototypes. Many of the simpler pieces show that the Crusaders introduced only their amorial designs into the pottery of the country and how the objects which reached Europe fascinated potters as far as the British Isles.

The lustre pieces are lovely; look at the Ewer No. 81, and the iridiscent little Duck! In order not to tire the reader, this enumeration will be concluded with the proudly blazoned Mameluke Bowl of the 13th century and the small collection of Persian Tiles, reaching from the 12th to the 15th century. This exhibition should be open in the evening. Artificial light awakes all the beauty that slumbers in the colours and glazes of the potters of old.

On the opening day, the Bezalel Hall was filled to capacity with a public of grateful, discerningly admiring art lovers. Just imagine, dear reader, the "Vernissage" of an exhibition of "Early Jewish Art" in the National Museum of Cairo or Damascus...

Th.F.M.

# Readers' Letters

### "AMITIE"

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — Lest there be some confusion I would like to correct a statement in your issue of September 17, concerning the ending of the International Volunteer Work Camp at Kfar Vitkin, run by the American Friends Service Committee (Quakers).

At the closing ceremony of the Camp it is reported that the "Quaker hymn" was sung round the camp fire. Quakers do not sing hymns even when they are gathered together as Quakers. The camp was not a gathering of Quakers, but a gathering of international youth who believe that by working together on a common manual job better international understanding can be achieved.

The song that was sung at the end of the camp was "Amitie" (Friendship), the song of the International Work Camp movement.

Yours, etc.,
*FRANK HUNT,*
*AFSC Israel.*

Acre, September 18.

### RATE OF EXCHANGE

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — The rate of exchange for tourists is IL. 1 for $1.40 and the tourist cannot exchange his foreign currency on the black market because he has to account for his money when he leaves the country. However, a tourist can obtain the legal receipt he wants and the black market price too, by buying Scrip Certificates at a bank and selling them at somewhat less than the black dollar price.

Would it not be better for the country to fix a real rate of exchange for tourists or to forbid the sale of Scrip certificates inside the country. This might help to discourage black market dealings.

Yours, etc.,
*L. ROGEN*

Tel Aviv.

### ENGINEERS' INCOME TAX

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — I was surprised to learn at the Income Tax Office that physicians in Government Service are granted IL.150 per annum tax free, and engineers are not.

In the course of three years I only once declared in my income tax returns IL.15 for books on technical subjects. This item was rejected with the explanation that only physicians and teachers are granted such exemptions.

Our Government often deplores the lack of experienced technicians, but at the same time it does little to encourage study and raising of our standards.

Yours, etc.,
*S. LICHTENSTEIN,*
*Civil Engineer*

Jerusalem, September 22.

### UNCLEAN

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — The deterioration of cleanliness in our food industry is appalling. Within one week we purchased one bottle of beer with, at least, a dozen flies in it; a bottle of soda water, full of pieces of dirty cork, and a bottle of lebenia with the dried up remains of the cleansing soap, partly covering the bottom and partly swimming in the lebenia.

Can't our authorities enforce stricter control to prevent this filth which is a menace to health, particularly in a climate like ours?

It is not only a question of hygiene, but of one aesthetics as well.

Yours, etc.,
*DR. HANS BRUNO*

Haifa, September 19.

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# Conclusions of the Inquiry Commission on the "ZIMRIYAH"

To the Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Dear Sir,

Your esteemed newspaper published a profusion of news items about the complaints of the "Zimriyah" participants, which led to the appointment of a governmental inquiry commission. But now that the commission has issued its conclusions, The Post has neglected to make the truth about the "Zimriyah" affair clear to the public. We feel strongly that your readers are entitled to a full understanding of the matter. Therefore we respectfully request you, at our expense, to publish the commission's conclusions in full.

PATRA TRAVEL AGENCY

## Conclusions of the Inquiry Commission

After a thorough inquiry and after hearing 12 witnesses, the commission reached the following conclusions, which have to be submitted to the Ministry of Commerce and Industry. Owing to the fact that the responsibility for the travel arrangements was divided between several bodies, the responsibilities were as follows:

1) HAZAMIR SOCIETY. The whole enterprise of bringing the singers to Israel showed this organization's lack of "know how" in such matters. Local arrangements in the various countries were entrusted to the Israeli Tourist Offices there and to other institutions, for whose actions the Hazamir was responsible.

At the same time, the Hazamir Society undertook some tasks which should have been given to the Travel Agency, such as distribution of beds on the ship, determination of the fares and provision of information about travel arrangements. The Hazamir Society did not realise that their members of different classes and ages could not be treated in the same manner as Halutz youth.

2) THE ISRAEL TOURIST CENTRE IN NEW YORK. The Government Tourist Centre undertook to deal with matters in which it was not competent, such as distribution of places on the ship. Any tourist bureau should have foreseen the possible consequences of travel in such conditions. General dissatisfaction was aroused by the fact that the manager of the Government Tourist Centre in New York went on leave at the very time of the departure from New York of the "Zimria" participants.

3) CONSOLIDATED TOURS AND EL AL. The inquiry showed that the flight conditions conformed to the charter contract. Delays, crowding, etc. were a regular occurrence on chartered planes. The contract between Consolidated and El Al showing clearly that in the event of the planes not being able to land at Paris, it was agreed that they could land at the nearest field. However, neither company enlightened the passengers on the difficulties occurring on chartered planes. It is to be regretted that the public relations service was bad.

4) PATRA TRAVEL AGENCY. As an experienced professional body Patra knew the conditions on board the ship. It actually requested and succeeded in decreasing the number of passengers on the s/s NEGBA from 580 to 500. It tried to bring the conditions on ship to the attention of the participants before they left New York. But it did not succeed in this matter, owing to the division of responsibilities there. It did not try to do the same in Europe, when the participants arrived there.

5) "SHOHAM COMPANY. Both "Negba" and "Galila" were unclean. The passengers suffered from the presence of various kinds of vermin. Linen was not changed as required. The service on Galila was unsatisfactory.

6) The Inquiry Commission points out that the "Zimriyah" was organized under difficult conditions. In particular it is stressed that the Festival took place during the peak of the world tourist season. The commission recognizes that the public institutions which organized the "Zimriyah" did everything in their power to make the event a success.

A. IRON
Chairman of the Inquiry Commission.

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FOR "BETH DAGON" PLAN
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FIRST PRIZE — Y.W. Wolf, architect.
SECOND PRIZE — Hamhandes Company, Haifa, by S. Giladi and S. Yerushalmi.
PLANS PURCHASED:— A.P. Robinson, Y. Shaigi and A. Schlush.
— Y. Rosenberg.
— Meshulam Baruch & M. Alkalai
— Y. Fogel.
— A. Elchanani, A. Meiri and D. Akadi.
Prof. S. RABINOVITZ
Chairman of Jury
September 22, 1952.
An exhibition of all plans submitted will be opened on Sunday, October 5, 1952, at 10 a.m. at "Bet Hamehandes," 200 Rehov Dizengoff, Tel Aviv. Open 9a.m.-12 noon and 4-6 p.m. through October 9.

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